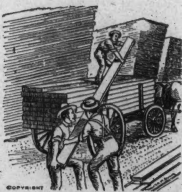


SEE DAVE

Peabody Overalls, guaranteed.
You will need overalls in harvest, so get the best.
Gloves—Hall's and Storey's, gloves that are gloves.
A full line of men's wear.
The best is none too good for you;
Dave has it. He makes clothes.

D. G. HARVIE

CROSSFIELD LUMBER YARD



Going to Build?

Then come in and talk over your plans with us. We will be pleased to furnish you an estimate on anything you may need in our line. Remember we have one of the largest and best stocks of lumber on the line and our prices are right.

CROSSFIELD LUMBER YARD

W. STUART & CO., PROPRIETORS
GEO. BECKER, MANAGER

With right prices, right terms, right goods, you cannot fail to do right by buying the right article at the right time.

Our Buggy stock is right, the roads are right, the season of the year is right; when in town call and do right.

Our new Deering Binder is right, having all the appealing features of the old and a great many new ones; it will pay you to see it before placing your order.

What are the four points to be considered in buying a binder? It has them and is **Second to None** and is sold by

McKAY BROS.

We have not been burned out

Come and get good cheap lumber while you have the chance

We have all the kinds of lumber you can get on the truck at much reduced price and just as good quality. If interested write for price list.

Accommodation for man and beast. Terms Cash.

The Silver Creek Lumber Co.

5-30-6-5

Cremona, Alta

Contrasting Methods

The arrest of Dr. Crippen and the manner in which he has been treated since his arrest is attracting a great deal of comment from the leading newspapers of the United States. Their attention has been drawn to the different manner in which a person arrested on suspicion in Canada is treated as compared with what he receives in the United States.

Acting under the orders of Inspector Dow, the police officials of Quebec, in placing both Dr. Crippen and Miss Leneve under arrest, told them specifically: "Anything you may say will be taken down and may be used against you at your trial."

The same protection is supposed to be given to prisoners in the United States, but, as the Washington Post points out, the warning is frequently forgotten or given in a manner that is a concession to the letter rather than the spirit of the requirement.

Under British law, no matter what circumstantial or other evidence there may be against him, a person accused of a crime is held to be innocent until he is proved guilty. He is not harrassed into a confession, and no third degree methods are used to force the prisoner to convict himself. In this case, without a confession it may be a difficult matter to secure a conviction, even though the prisoner may be guilty of the foulest crimes in the calendar. Yet, under British law, he has rights and these rights must be preserved, and it rests with the law to find the evidence to prove him guilty.

Another thing which American newspapers find it hard to understand is that although Dr. Crippen, immediately after his arrest expressed his willingness to return to England for trial, the government instructed its representatives at Quebec that the fifteen days allotted by the law for appeals should be allowed to elapse before the suspect be deported.

Such things as these may be looked upon as mere formalities, but they are essentials to the true administration of justice, for which the British law is an example to the entire civilized world.

At the end of the fifteen days Dr. Crippen will be taken back to England and there charged with murder. If he be found guilty, there will be but short delay in inflicting the punishment prescribed by law for such crimes. Everything will be done with clock-like precision. Even if there be an appeal from the judgment of the lower court, that appeal will be disposed of by the higher courts within a very few months time. There will be no dragging of the case along for years on further appeals and applications for new trials, change of venue, etc. No mandarin sentiment will be allowed to interfere with the course of justice.

Neither will the plea of insanity, by which so many murderers in the United States have secured the prolonging of their worthless lives, carry much weight. It is such things as these that are bringing the courts of justice into contempt.

If the prisoner is found guilty, not rank, nor title, nor all the money in England, will save him from the fate laid down by British law.

Sentimental women may gush over the prisoner and send flowers and messages to cheer him, especially as the victim was a woman, but these have little effect on the stern justice of the British courts.—Albertan.

Enumeration of Census Values

The farm and urban values of the census of 1911 will be enumerated under the date of June 1. They will include the real estate and live stock values of each enumeration district at that date, of the live stock and nursery stock sold in 1910, of the dairy products consumed at home, sent to factories or sold, and of the animals slaughtered on the farm in the same year, together with values of other products of the farm.

Land and buildings and farm implements and machinery owned by every person in the enumeration district will be recorded separately for values in 1911, and the rent of land and buildings will also be recorded if leased in that year. Values will be taken for orchard fruits, small fruits and vegetables separately for 1910; but values of horses, milch cows, other horned or neat cattle, sheep, swine, poultry and hives of bees will be taken separately for 1911, at the date of the Census.

The values of live stock and nursery stock sold in 1910 will include horses, milch cows, other horned or neat cattle, sheep, swine, poultry and hives of bees, and of nursery stock, which means fruit and ornamental trees grown for transplanting into orchards, gardens and parks.

Dairy products consumed on the farm, and sent to factories or sold, refers to products of the year 1910. They include the values of milk, cream, home-made butter and home-made cheese.

Animals slaughtered on the farm in 1910 will be recorded for the values of horned or neat cattle, sheep, swine and poultry. Horses are not included in these values, as in our country their meats are not used for food.

The values of other products of the farm include those of eggs, honey and wax for 1910, and wool, maple sugar and maple syrup for 1911.

The enumeration of hired labor on the farm refers to the year 1910. It will give the total number of weeks of labor

employed, which means the number for all men who work for hire on the farm, and the total amount paid for hire, including allowance for board. The payment should be reckoned for the full time of service, and should include the value of board. The inquiry relating to earnings for domestic service is asked for in Schedule No. 1.

In addition to the foregoing inquiries of values, a question is asked for the value of all lands and buildings not manufacturing establishments or mines owned in Canada in 1911 which are outside of the enumerator's district.

Card of Thanks

To all friends and neighbors who so kindly lent their assistance and sympathy during the recent illness and death of our beloved wife and mother, by kind words and kindly acts have tried to lessen our sorrow, we wish to extend our sincere thanks.

T. S. Gooch, and family.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS

Sealed tenders will be received by the Undersigned, up to 12 o'clock noon on Thursday, Aug. 25, 1910, for the erection of a stone school building for the Crossfield School District No. 752, Crossfield, Alberta. The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted. Plans and specifications may be seen by applying to Geo. W. Boyce, Sec.-Treas. Crossfield, Alta.

CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY

NEW TRI-WEEKLY NIGHT TRAIN BETWEEN

CALGARY AND STRATHCONA

Commencing June 6 1910

READ DOWN	Mon., Wed., Fri.	Tue., Thurs., Sat.	READ UP
24.55	Lv. Calgary Ar.	8.10	
1.47	Ards	12.22	
2.10	Crossfield	6.58	
2.28	Carstairs	6.36	
2.50	Didsbury	6.22	
3.20	Olde	6.00	
3.46	Bowden	5.30	
4.06	Innisfail	5.16	
4.50	Ar.) Red Deer) Lv.	5.16	
5.00	Lv.) Ar.	4.30	
5.45	Lacombe	3.47	
6.20	Ponoka	3.09	
7.00	Wetaskiwin	2.24	
7.19	Millet	1.63	
7.40	Leduc	1.38	
8.15	Ar. Strathcona Lv.	1.00	

(Flag Stop.

NOTE—NORTHBOUND train between Calgary and Red Deer will stop at flag stops to allow passengers to detain only. SOUTHBOUND train between Strathcona and Red Deer will stop at flag stops to allow passengers to detain only. STANDARD SLEEPERS AND FIRST CLASS COACHES



ONTKES & ARMSTRONG.

Lodge Cards

M. W. OF A.

SUNALTA CAMP NO. 13801
Meets in Oddfellows' Hall, Crossfield, the Second Thursday and Fourth Saturday of each month.
Visiting neighbors welcome.
CHAS. McRAY, Geo. O. Davis,
V. C. Clerk and Secretary.

CROSSFIELD LODGE I. O. O. F.

No. 42
Meets Every Wednesday Night in the Oddfellows Hall at 7:30 p.m.
Visiting Brethren Welcome.
Geo. Becker, Rec.-Sec.



"No Surrender," No. 1906.
Meets Tuesday on or before the Full Moon. Visiting brethren always welcome.
Geo. W. Bayne, A. Wheeler,
W. M. Secy.



Court Prairie Flower No. 1157
Meets the first Saturday and third Monday in the month. Visiting brethren always welcome. For further information write any of the brethren.
D. Jukow, James Mewhort,
C. R. Rec. Sec.

Professional Cards

C. W. MOORE,

BARRISTER, SOLICITOR,
NOTARY PUBLIC
Carstairs, Alberta
Will be at Crossfield every Thursday.

Dr. LARGE,

Dentist, Carstairs,
Will be at the Alberta Hotel, Crossfield, Every Thursday
AT CARSTAIRS OFFICE
Every Day, Except Wednesday and Thursday.

PATENTS PROMPTLY SECURED
We solicit the business of Manufacturers, Engineers and others who require the advisability of having their Patent Business transacted by Experts. Preliminary advice free. Charge moderate. Our Inventors' Adviser sent upon request. Marine & Marion, New York City, Montreal, and Washington, D.C., U.S.A.

PATENTS
OVER 25 YEARS' EXPERIENCE
TRADE MARK DESIGNS
COPYRIGHTS &c.
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A moderately illustrated. Terms of sale for Canada, U.S. & foreign patents applied. Sold by all newspapers.
MANN & Co. 30 Broadway, New York
Branch Office, 215 W. St., Washington, D.C., U.S.A.

THE ARCADE
Pool Room and Cigar Store
Come in and spend a pleasant hour and try our Cigars and Soft Drinks. Latest Magazines always kept in stock.
H. Mann Prop.

The Crossfield Chronicle

Subscription price, \$1.00 per year in advance; or \$1.50 if not paid in advance. Published at the Chronicle office, at Crossfield, Alberta, each Friday.

RAVES

Lost, Strayed, Found, Wanted and other transient advertisements of a similar nature one cent a word, six insertions for the price of four. Payable in advance.

Business locals 10 cents per line first insertion; and 5 cents per line each subsequent insertion.

Legal advertisements, 12 cents per line for first insertion; and 8 cents each subsequent insertion.

Commercial contract rates upon application.

F. H. SCHOOLEY,
PROPRIETOR.

FRIDAY, AUGUST 12, 1910.

Every Knock is a Boost

Clarence J. Blanchard, of the United States reclamation service, has made an unpleasant reputation for himself by his alleged statements in the United States papers concerning conditions in western Canada. It had been reported that the American government was about to enter on systematic campaign to check the emigration to this dominion, and the statements of Mr. Blanchard were probably the first gun fired. This gentleman will go down to history as the original official liar of the United States government. He is however being followed by others. In the state of Missouri there is now beginning a crusade to bring back to Missouri the twenty-five or thirty thousand farmers and families who, to use the words of the prospectus, had been lured to western Canada by exaggerated stories of unlimited prosperity. A labor commissioner of the state is handling the crusade, and expects on Jan. 1, 1911, to have a regular Coxey's army of returning ones flocking back to their former homes.

A book has been issued by the labor bureau of Missouri, and the statements sent out in announcing it are very interesting. It is claimed for instance that "The settlers who came to Canada learned by actual experience that the winters there are eight months long, the winter days short and very cold, the roads snow-blockaded all winter making communications with neighbors almost an impossibility, with a fierce blizzard lasting three or four days, a weekly affair, and no regular postman to bring the newspapers containing information of what was going on in the world." This is not so far behind the effort of Mr. Blanchard as highly colored anti-Canadian literature.

Loneliness and dreariness are dominant notes of the slanders now being circulated concerning this country. A pathetic picture is drawn of the farmer's hard task in "hauling his wheat many miles over bad roads through wilderness to railroad stations only to discover there that the price paid per bushel was a way under what the farmers had received in good old Missouri, and that the nearest best market was England, many thousand miles away by land and sea." It is evident not only from above but from other reports that are appearing all over the United States that these efforts are part of a deliberate campaign. The scheme may seem good to the United States government, but they apparently forget that in some cases every knock is a boost. It is however rather a mean and petty method of retaining population and one which would not be deemed admissible in ordinary business life. It is likely that these statements emanating from the United States authorities will in the end do Canada more good than harm.—Herald.

Uses of Sawdust

Sawdust is usually regarded as an objectionable product because it increases the danger of fire if deposited near mills or lumber piles and necessitates either cartage with accompanying expense or the construction of a "burner" and the use of conveyors or carts to transfer it from the saws.

A double economy, however, is now in progress. As a result of the use of band saws instead of the old circular and gang

saws, a log that, under the old system produced 8 boards, will now produce 9, a very substantial increase in product with a corresponding decrease in the amount of sawdust produced.

Owing to its chemical and mechanical properties, it has an ever increasing field of usefulness. Used as an absorbent for nitro-glycerine, it produces dynamite. Used with clay and burned, it produces a terra-cotta brick full of small cavities that, owing to its lightness and its properties as a non-conductor, make excellent fire-proof material for partition walls. Treating it with fused caustic alkali produces oxalic acid. Treating it with sulphuric acid and fermenting the sugar so formed, produces alcohol. Mixed with a suitable binder and compressed, it can be used for making mouldings and imitation carvings; while, if mixed with Portland cement, it produces a flooring material. It is an excellent packing material for fragile articles and for dangerous explosives and can be used as packing in walls to make them sound-proof and cold-proof.

St. Joseph's Convent, Red Deer

The new Institution is one Red Deer should be proud of. It has met with considerable and well deserved success, since its erection, two years ago. The number of boarders has increased so rapidly that it has been necessary to finish up the basement and the upper story. The building is now complete in every detail and has been provided with its own waterworks.

That the Institution is filling a long felt want, and that it gives highly satisfactory results is shown by the fact that pupils are coming from all over the country and, in some instances from even more considerable centres. Observers have been struck with the signs of contentment in the pupils, their attachment to the Convent and confidence in the good Sisters. A very good class of children have attended the Convent from the beginning, and nothing is left to be desired in the way of good manners and solid education. A new feature is that the Convent has been provided with a typewriter of the best kind, and pupils will be given the opportunity of receiving a training along that important line.

Tenets have been made moderate in order to enable a larger number of persons to benefit their children with valuable education. The school reopens by September 1st. A prospectus will be sent by Rev. Mother Superior upon application.

Farmer Jeff

Oh, his heart is sore as he does his chore, and digs in the mellow dirt; the abysmal brute is a dismal plot, for money won't heal his hurt. And perhaps he grunts as he does his stunts, when his brow with sweat is damp: "Ah, I might have died in a glow of pride, as the undetected chump! Had I stayed away from that fateful fray, and hood in my onion patch, I might have strolled through the world till old, and never have met my match. But the dojesters came, and they said: 'The game is done if you don't come back!' So I left my squash and my sweetash, and my baw alfalfa stack. And I tried to feel that my thews of steel were good as they were of yore; but alas! one poke from that dingy snake, and I saw that my youth was o'er!" And a lesson we in this tale may see, and paste it inside our hats; if we get too gay when we're old and gray, we're apt to have broken elate. If we lend our ears to the sport who queers his friends for his own advance, we're apt to wake with the bellie-ache, and find that our name is Pance.—Walt Mason.



All Tied Up

For want of help. Our Classified Want Ads. will untie the knots. We make this a good paper so that intelligent people will read it, and they do. Isn't that the kind of help you want?

Registered and M. P. W. B. B. B.



There are no dead flies lying about when

WILSON'S FLY PADS

are used as directed. All Drug-gists, Grocers and General Dealers sell them.

List your land with the

Murton Realty Co.

Real Estate, Insurance,
Commission Brokers,
Money to Loan.

Crossfield - - - Alberta

Farmers Meat Market

WE SELL

Fresh and Cured Meat, Fresh and Cured Fish, Poultry, Butter and Eggs.

WE BUY

Cattle, Hides, Hogs, Butter, Eggs and Poultry paying the best Market Price.

Our Motto

"QUALITY RIGHT PRICE RIGHT"

TIMS & ATKINS

Notice

Notice is hereby given that the Grand Trunk Pacific Branch Lines Company has this day deposited in the Office of the Registrar of Titles for the South Alberta Land Registration District, plan profile and book of reference, showing the location of its Todd-Coleman Branch from Section 21, Township 29, Range 24, West 4th Meridian, to Section 1, Township 23, Range 1, West 5th Meridian, District of south Alberta, Province of Alberta, mile 150 to mile 108 and the lands required for its right of way, station grounds and other railway purposes for said distance.

Dated this 14th day of June, A. D. 1910.

D'ARCY TATE,

Solicitor

Grand Trunk Pacific Branch Lines Company.

Seed Wheat

Full Wheat Seed (Alberta Red) for sale.
Swann, Sec. 18-29-26 W. 4.
28-4-2



W. T. Rogers & Co.
Agents at Aldridge

7am Bu

is the best remedy known for sunburn, heat rashes, eczema, sore feet, stings and blisters. A skin food!

All Druggists and Stores—C.



A safe, pleasant, antiseptic (antibiotic) medicine to use on all cuts, scratches, burns and sores. Absorbine Jr. is a skin food, and it keeps the skin soft and supple. It is the best remedy for sunburn, heat rashes, eczema, sore feet, stings and blisters. A skin food!

Dr. Martel's Female Pills

SEVENTEEN YEARS THE STANDARD
Prescribed and recommended for women's ailments. A scientific, reliable, and effective remedy. The result from their use is quick and permanent. For sale at all drug stores.

RUSSELL

AUTOMOBILES
WE HAVE SECOND HAND CARS
ALSO MOTOR SUNDRIES
CANADA CYCLE & MOTOR CO.
114 Princess St. Winnipeg

ODDS AND ENDS

SYNDICATE of American capitalists from Michigan and Puget Sound Limited, Canada, and of millionaire Michigan lumbermen, has purchased for one million dollars the largest lumber mill on Vancouver Island. The mill is equipped with latest improved American machinery, and is announced that it will be practically rebuilt, and the annual capacity increased from fifteen million feet to fifty million feet.

Cornel Isaac A. Manning, of La Guayra, has been elected governor of Venezuela. He has cancelled a narcosis granted January 14, 1908, to Narciso Beldivia, who is now in the hands of Rafael Garibay Guzman, for the exploitation of asphalt deposits in the municipality of Casco Colorado, north of Monagas, State of Bermudez, because the concessionaires have not recorded maps of the deposits as required by the contract.

The first survey and preliminary arrangements have been made by the Transvaal government for the extension of the railway from Pieterburg to the copper fields of Messina, two hundred miles to the north, with an ultimate continuation across the Limpopo into Rhodesia. The whole district through which the railway will run is rich in mineral resources and agricultural possibilities. The construction of the line, which is to be proceeded with forthwith, will mark an important epoch in Transvaal development.

In September, China will entertain twenty-four representatives of the eight associated chambers of commerce of the Pacific coast. Governor-General Forbes, of the Philippine Islands, has asked them to visit Manila. The Honorable Chamber of Commerce will send three representatives with the party. The National Demographic Bureau of Buenos Ayres estimates the population of Argentina on December 31, 1909, at 6,805,084, an increase of 311,084 in one year. In population Argentina ranks third, with 3,200,000. Of Argentina's population, five-sixths are native Argentines, 843,440 Italians, 456,000 Spaniards, and 104,000 French.

PUTTING FROST TO WORK

An interesting application of the freezing system in shaft-making was recently exhibited at a colliery in England. When the shaft had been sunk a short distance it was found that a layer of quicksand eighty feet in depth had to be penetrated. To prevent the wet sand from running into the shaft it was frozen solid. A circular row of holes, forming a ring over twenty feet in diameter, was bored into the shaft, and by means of metal pipes a freezing mixture of brine, or chloride of sodium, was caused to circulate in them. This had the effect of freezing the sand in a circular wall round the shaft as hard as rock. On the removal of the soft sand in the centre the frozen wall remained intact, protecting the workmen from the quicksand below.

Red, Weak, Watery, Watery Eyes. Headache, Neuralgia, and other ailments. Write for Free Book. Free. Murine Eye Remedy Co., Toronto.

Storyettes

H OAK: "So young Golox has taken a wife. What was her maiden name?"
Joak: "Her maiden name has been to marry Golox, and she proved an unusually good shot for a woman."

W HAT was the happiest moment of your life?" asked the sweet girl.
"The happiest moment of my life," answered the old bachelor, "was when I gave my tooth back an engagement ring and gave me sleeve-links in exchange."

Y OU have a pretty tough-looking lot of customers to dispose of this morning, haven't you?" remarked the drooped in of the police court.
"Huh!" rejoined the dispenser of justice, "you are looking at the wrong bunch. Those are the lawyers."

D O you see the horizon yonder, where they seem to meet the earth?"
"Yes, uncle."
"Boy, I have journeyed so near there that I could not get a glimpse between my head and the sky."
"Oh, uncle, what a crammer!"
"It's a fact, lad. I hadn't one to put."

A S a gentleman was having his luncheon in the dining room of a certain large hotel he was much annoyed by another visitor who, during the whole of the meal, sat with his back to the fire warming himself and watching him partake of his repast. At length unable to stand it any longer he rang the bell and said: "Waiter, kindly turn that gentleman round; I think he is done on that side."

I N the absence of the pastor of the church a young preacher was called upon to officiate at a funeral. He knew it was customary for the minister to announce at the close of the service that those who wished should step forward to view the remains, but he thought the too hasty and substituted, "The congregation will now please pass along the bier."

A DISMEMBERED soul that during its earthly incarnation had had troubles of its own descended into Hades. In its new embodiment it was struggling along with a rather pompous air, when it met his Satanistic Majesty. You act if you were the owner of this place," observed the sovereign. "I ought to be," replied the new arrival, "my wife was giving it to me right along."

A WEARY guest at a small and not very clean country inn was repeatedly called, the morning after his arrival, by the colored man of the works.
"See here!" he finally burst forth, "now many times have I told you I don't want to be called. I want to sleep!"
"I know, sah, but he've got to hald de sheels say here. It is eight o'clock an' de's waitin' fo' de tableclof."

A ONE-ARMED man entered a restaurant at noon and seated himself next a dangerous-looking other people's business man. The latter at once noticed his neighbor's right sleeve hanging loose and kept crying it in a how-did-it-happen sort of way, but the one-armed man paid no attention to him. Finally the inquisitive one could stand it no longer. He changed his position, cleared his throat, and said, "I beg your pardon, sir, but I see you have lost an arm."

The one-armed man picked up his sleeve with his left hand and sneered anxiously into it. "Bless my soul!" he exclaimed, looking up with great surprise, "I do believe you're right."

D URING a recent slight illness the five-year-old Teddy, usually so amiable, flabby and obstinately refused to take his medicine. After a somewhat prolonged and ineffectual argument with him, his mother at last set the glass of medicine down, leaned her head on her hands, and "played" that she was crying. A moment passed, and the tender-hearted Teddy, unable longer to bear the sight of his mother's stricken attitude, inquired, "What's the matter, mother dear?" "Without removing her hands from her eyes she replied, "I'm grieved that my son won't take his doctor oil for colds." Whereupon Teddy sat up in bed and offered consolingly: "Oh—a wouldn't feel bad-der if I were you, mother dear. Father will be home soon and he'll make me take it."

A JOURNALIST recently wrote to a friend: "Blarritz is on the tunnel house Bay of Biscay, and Cambo, where Rostand lives, is only a few miles behind Blarritz—a placid village in the Basque country. I tried to interview Rostand in his Biscay home, he went on, 'but it was useless. I did see him, though. The young man talked excellent English. He cracked lot of jokes about his father's rooster play, pretending that they were all jokes from the last War. He declared that the curtain rises on the following scene: Chantecler, the epicure, is discovered in company with his wives. In the background a quartet of clergymen are seen feasting upon young pullet. Chantecler asks his favorite spouse, 'Where are our two eldest daughters?' 'Ah! says she, 'they have, they have entered the ministry.' 'Oh, all right. They were poorly qualified for lay members.'"

E XTRACT from a young lady's letter to her mother: "The night I got in a gondola in the Grand Canal, drinking it all in, and life never seemed so full before."

T HE YOUTH: "Yes, I'm in business for myself, but I don't seem to be able to meet with any success." The Sage: "You'd better ever meet with success, young man. He must overtake it."

D IOGENES returned from his search for an honest man.
"Given up the chase?" they inquired.
"It became a matter of necessity," replied the philosopher. "Someone stole my lanterns."

S OME Federal officers in the Civil War once sought shelter for the night in an old, tumble-down hut. About two o'clock a polecat announced its presence in its own peculiar way. A German set up and looked helplessly about him. The others were all sleeping peacefully.
"What's that?" he exclaimed, in tones of despair. "All the rest asleep and I've got to smell it all!"

The Horseman

R EXINGTON'S great October meeting will be embraced by its enormous entry list. It proves at once the popularity of the Kentucky Trotting Horse Breeders' Association, and the vast amount of high class available racing material. For the first time thirty-year-old futurity sixty-six entries made good. There will of course be a great sitting out before the day of the race, yet it is safe to say a great field of three-year-olds will face the starter. For the three-year-old pacing section there are seventeen live. The two-year-old trotting for the first time has an enormous number of seventy-nine. The famous Transylvania for 2:15 trotters has a number of nominators, but as the horses are not named till late in the season it is impossible to give the present time to give a more guess at the probable starters. The Tennessee for 2:05 pacers has eight nominators on the same condition, so that both these celebrated races may be depended upon to maintain their ancient prestige.

The McDowell for 2:08 trotters has twenty-three entries including such well known favorites as Country Jay, Silko, Soprano, Jack McKernon, Alice Roosevelt, Aquina, Justo Baron May, George Muscovite. The Stalwart Hall cup is always popular. It is for the 2:15 trotting class and has forty-two entries, the majority of which are better known for their private speed reputation than their public records. In the list however, are Warren, Alcyon, Captain George, Billy Burke, Baron Penn, Duffie Archdale, Oakland Mohar and Lady Loretta, who are all supposed to be able to go better than 2:10. The Stoll for 2:19 trotters has thirty-three entries, an exceedingly good lot for 2:19 trotters, thirty-one. The Wilcox is for 2:20 pacers and has twenty

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Red, Watery, Watery Eyes. Headache, Neuralgia, and other ailments. Write for Free Book. Free. Murine Eye Remedy Co., Toronto.

pacers, several of them with great reputations already. The Kentucky three-year-old trot has forty-one entries and the Lexington, for two-year-olds, sixty-three. It is without doubt one of the most remarkable lists of entries ever secured by any meeting in the history of the sport.

We gladly note that the light harness borers of Brooklyn have won their four fight for speedway. Some years ago the commissioners of parks reserved for their use a section of the Ocean boulevard, which has two excellent parallel side roads. But the automobilists looked up the law, found that it was a public road and refused to obey the local order. As a result one of the finest boulevards in the world became monopolized by the autos and horsemen had to take other routes or give up driving. Recently a mile and a half of the central road for the use of horsemen for speedway purposes and compelling the autos during that time to take the side roads. This act has received the approval of Mayor Gaynor. The city of New York spent \$50,000 to build a public road for the exclusive use of light harness horse and thousands crowd the sidewalks to see the free speed excitement. Brooklyn certainly deserves to have a small section of its famous boulevard reserved for a few hours for the same purpose. It will have it if Governor Hughes signs the bill.

Before the New York speedway was built hundreds of horses were sold their fast horses as there was no place for them to drive, for even Central Park was crowded with the autos. Now the Road Drivers' Association has several hundred members, and hundreds of horses enjoy the drive who are members. Boston, Philadelphia, Chicago and many other leading cities have good speedways, and no city should be without one. It promotes a healthy recreation. It promotes good fellowship, it adds to the demand for good horses. It benefits important industries. It is a benefit from all viewpoints as well as a vast source of pleasure to thousands who, while they do not own a horse, admire the noble animal and wish to see him in action. Every city should have a speedway.

A strong foal will be on its feet and trying to nurse in less than an hour from birth. Such a foal needs no help, but a weak one will have to be held up to suck until strong enough to do so without help. In case the mare dies or has no milk, the foal may be reared on cow's milk, if the attendant conducts the work patiently and intelligently. Part of the milk of a cow that has recently calved, preferably one which gives milk low in butter-fat, for mares' milk is poor in sugar, is poor in fat. Sweeten the milk with sugar and dilute with warm water. Give this at intervals of four or five hours. The milk should be large rubber nipple. Keep the litter scrupulously clean. As the foal grows, gradually increase the amount of milk fed and lengthen the intervals between meals. In a few days foal may be given six times a day and, later, four times a day. The foal will soon learn to drink from a pail, if allowed to suck the attendant's finger at first. The milk supply pure cold drinking water. Let the foal run out in a lot of grass paddock, exercise. Accumulate to be handled daily. Feed small quantities of nutritious food often, keeping all food vessels clean, and the foal should thrive and develop well.

One of the best signs of the times is

STOP POISONING YOURSELF

Headaches and Neuralgia Pain Promptly Cured by "Fruit-atives."

Where there are frequent attacks of Neuralgia and Headaches, there is always Constipation, Weakness of the Kidneys and Blood Poisoning.

Non-action of the bowels compels the blood to absorb foul matter which should have passed from the body.

Weak Kidneys fail to filter from the blood the necessary amount of waste.

The blood thus becomes poisoned and it is this poisoned blood which hurts the nerves and causes Neuralgia and Headaches.

"Fruit-atives," made from fruit juices, acts on the bowels and kidneys and is the greatest blood purifying medicine in the world.

"Fruit-atives" is sold by all dealers at 60c a box, 4 for \$2.50, or trial size, 25c, or may be obtained from Fruit-atives, Limited, Ottawa.

the growing importance of the half-mile track. Their program has developed of late years so rapidly that they attract horses of high class and command the average larger fields than the big mile circuits. The Pennsylvania State Fair held at Bethlehem is a signal illustration. The authorities always offer a series of early closing events of \$1,000 each, and they always fill well.

The 2:40 trot has seventeen nominations. They are a well-bred lot by such names as William Penn, Todd, Sidney Dillon, Mohel, Silk Cord and Baron Silver. The Bethlehem purse of \$1,000 for 2:20 trotters has eighteen entries, and here we have sons and daughters of Asa, Bobby Burns, Delmar, Silk Cord, Alwal, Peter the Great and John G. Carlisle. There are eighteen in the \$1,000 purse for 2:40 pacers, and such well-known sires as are represented as Direct, Bingen, Earl Wilkes, Ashland Wilkes, Hal B, Direct Hal, and Ambulator. For the 2:20 pace there are twelve entries, and for the 2:15 pace twelve.

Would it not be well for secretaries of the big circuits to enter to the slow classes? Would not a 2:40, 2:35 and a 2:30 class for both trotters and pacers fill well? As it is now, the big meetings give no races as a mile slower than 2:35, and thus drive a large number of horses to the half-mile tracks. The result is that no well conducted half-mile track association is ever seriously short of entries, the big mile track meetings often are. Many of the great races of the past have been for the 2:30 class. The perpetual popularity of the M. & M. stake at Detroit is that it is for the 2:34 class. The idea is worth the attention of secretaries.

Venezuela is establishing wireless stations and using American apparatus. The on a wired and sixteen-mile extension of the Mexican Northwestern Railroad, now in progress, will connect the port of Chihuahua with El Paso, Texas, and open up a large tract of valuable timber land in western Chihuahua.

THE BUCK-EYE

VOL. 1

WEEKLY EDITION

NO. 37

To Follow the Fashion Smoke

BUCK-EYES

Here's a toast to fashion
Are you, fashion?
Changing hats and turbans
Changing shoes and hose.
Changing straight-front corsets
For the other kind,
Taking curves from the front
Putting them behind.
Throwing Psyche knots off,
Calling out for rats
Moulding rips-rips
Into merely slats.
Moving waist lines upward,
Shifting waist lines down!

Yesterday your dietum
Was the English gown.
Now you are sacroscotic gawk.
Probably next week
You'll prescribe a garment
Which is purely Greek.
Fashion, you're a wonder,
Changing ways and pose
And a very juggler
When it comes to clothes.
Here is to you, Fashion,
In a halting rhyme;
For no matter it's the fashion
To use BUCK-EYES all the time.

Fashion never changes when it comes to the BUCK-EYE. BUCK-EYES are always in fashion

FASHIONS AND FANCIES

WHITE is not so fashionable as colors, pink, blue, green or yellow as the color may be, in the all white gown is quite a novelty. But as midsummer draws near the charm and delight of all white exert a spell that is hard to beat, and after all is there anything so appropriate? There was a time when an all white or at all black was considered the most economical gown a woman could wear, but let a woman go today to the leading dressing establishments in this country or abroad in search of either all white or all black, laboring under the delusion that she will pay

The present fashions in lingerie gowns are as a rule on the elaborate order, too elaborate for conservative taste, and require to be most carefully made not to hide the good lines of the figure. The draped fabric falling down over the arm is one of the most marked styles. This is sometimes crossed in front and fastened at one side under the belt, or the ends are crossed in front and then brought back over the hips and fastened at the back over the back ends that finish the wide belt. The all-round length of skirt is the most popular—and incidentally the most impractical—and the fitted lace under sleeve reaching to or below the elbow is to be seen on a new model gown. Wide girdles with or without sack ends are also to be noticed, and the elaborate buckle in the center of a flat rosette or bow is another of the details not to be forgotten.

Mouseline de soie summer gowns are exquisitely dainty and very smart this season, while their fragile and perishable appearance gives an added charm. The simplest models are the most popular, but they are not easy to copy and require a good knowledge of dressmaking to turn out well. All in fine tucks is one of the newest designs, the skirt with two flounces edged with wide lace of fine mesh and pattern; the waist and sleeves all in one, are also tucked to match exactly the skirt. The neck is cut out and finished with wide cape collar, while a wide taffeta belt and taffeta rosettes on the front of the waist are the only heavy trimming. A princess slip of soft satin or taffeta is essential with this gown, which otherwise would make the wearer, no matter how slight and graceful a figure, look short and stout, two unpardonable things this year. Again if color be preferred to all white it can be introduced by the lining and grille being in color, but for all white this model is particularly good.

White pongee gown and costumes are most fashionable—plain, embroidered or braided. The gown, in one piece, are so finished that they can be worn without a coat, but the short jacket and even the long coat add a finish to the costume. Gold buttons are a novelty of the season and are to be seen on the newest costumes, while soutache and round silk braiding are in constant demand. The medium weight is smart, but there are also heavier qualities that make up satisfactorily in anything of the tailor order. The Grecian scroll pattern is a favorite design in braiding, and just a line of it down the front and around the neck and sleeves is effective and very smart.

Linen and pongee gowns and costumes are especially fashionable this season, and any number of most fascinating models are displayed in both materials. Embroidery and braiding are effective both on linen and pongee and the heavier rajah, but are by no means essential to smartness, and, of course, add greatly to the expense. The embroidery and the braiding must be of the same color as the material, or white. The darker colors or black are, however, often to be noticed. Embroidered bands for trimming are also in fashion, and are pleasant and by no means difficult to do, so that if any one has the least skill and patience it is perfectly possible to make an embroidered gown with very little outlay of money. The present fashion of a band around the skirt affords an excellent opportunity for embroidery, and, while an elaborate design is effective, the simpler designs, either in embroidery or braid, are very satisfactory.

A handsome embroidered pongee or rajah or linen gown costume is rarely to be bought for any small sum of money.

Gown of English Embroidery and Lace

less than for a colored gown. The most expensive establishments assert positively that better results can be obtained for less money in colors, that it requires a more costly material and far richer trimming for either white or black. The economy, then, exists only in that white or black can be worn for a longer space of time and can be refurbished to look like new, whereas the colored will be marked as last season's gown, and also there are few, if any, occasions when black or white is not appropriate.

To dress entirely in white is an extravagance that appeals to every woman, and it is inconceivable how many white gowns may be included in the up-to-date summer trousseau of the woman who elects to wear only white all summer long, indoors and out.

White voile de soie gowns are fascinating, the transparent, silky material showing to greatest advantage over the silk or satin lining. A band of satin or silk around the skirt is effective, but is just as effective inside, in the lining or drop skirt, as on the gown itself. Braiding or embroidery on this material always seems so delightfully incongruous, so indicative of much handwork, that it must appeal irresistibly to the lover of dainty extravagance, and one of the new models has a large figure of heavy silk embroidery on the front of the skirt. The waist of this model gown is almost aggressively simple, a full blouse of the voile de soie drawn down under a rich pointed grille of satin or silk with an ornament of embroidery, to match that on the skirt above the grille holding down still more the full blouse. A low cut neck and elbow sleeves finished with pleated ruffles finish the waist of this cool and dainty summer gown.

Not for many years has there been such interest displayed in laces and nets of all descriptions. There are lovers of lace who always have some rare pieces in the trimming of their gowns, but lace used as freely as it is today is most unusual. Following the trend of extravagance, real lace gowns are in demand, and the treasures of lace that have been unearthed from the family lace boxes would make a collector of lace quite wild with envy. The great trouble about valuable lace is that it is counted, and rightly counted, as vandalism to cut into it, and yet what fashionable dressmaker is there who has not felt oppressed with the rare old lace, probably an heirloom, that she can do nothing with unless it is cut, and long inherited belief makes that an act of sacrilege! Point lace dounces and veils are now being utilized, and most cleverly, so that while they may have to be cut into, at all events they do not have to be slashed and ruined, and there are many smart models for lace gowns that are most possible for the old family lace.

The pattern robes of lace are in great variety and of many different prices, while never were there such exquisite imitations at comparatively small cost. As may readily be credited, there are most elaborate lace gowns, but some are charmingly simple. The model that can be fashioned of one wide or two medium width gowns is invariably becoming. The fulness, only a small amount, is gathered into the belt. The waist is like a belted jacket, but if preferred there need not be the skirt of the jacket—just the waist with its draped fluke crossed and fastened at the left side, with bow of silk or satin or spray of artificial flowers. A wide folded grille of taffeta comes high on the waist under the fluke and is drawn tight around the figure, making it slender. A band of silk or satin to match the belt finishes the skirt at the foot and makes the lace hang better. This model can be copied in black or white lace or net and be made over a colored lining.

The woman who can resist the temptation to invest largely in embroidered lingerie gowns is either hopelessly bankrupt or pitifully prudent. The material will last for generations—that is well known—and such trifles as that the style of the gown may be quite unsuitable next year rarely prove sufficient reason for not providing one's self with something so becoming. All sorts and kinds of lace and embroidery go to make up the lingerie gown—eyelot embroidery and heavy, close embroidery on sheers of material, while Valenciennes and Chantilly laces are also added, until the price of it all is apparent to the most uneducated in the cost of a woman's outfit.

but this is the time when one can be made at home with the aid of a good pattern and even a limited knowledge of dressmaking, for there are wonderful bargains in these materials of fine weave and most attractive colors that have been marked down far below their original cost. The embroidery can be done in place of fancy work, and there are many effective trimmings that can be bought, like the material, for far less than was asked three months ago. Persian designs and oriental designs for facings and bands on linen or pongee are effective, delightfully novel and not at all expensive. A white linen three piece costume with Persian trimming and round gilt buttons is one of the smartest models of the season.



Don't rub off on filthy things, or stain the skirts. Waterproof. Contains no Turpentine, Acids or other injurious ingredients. Preserves the leather. ALL DEALERS, 10c. THE F. F. DALLEY CO., LIMITED, Hamilton, Ont., and Buffalo, N.Y.

FOR THAT NEW HOUSE

Sackett Plaster Board
The Empire Brands of Wall Plaster

MANUFACTURED ONLY BY

The Manitoba Gypsum Co., Limited
WINNIPEG, MAN.

A GREAT IMPERIAL STATESMAN

Earl Grey

(From the Daily Mail)

AN American friend of Earl Grey once told him that the chief function of a Governor-General is to "flap his wings and caw." The Governor-General of Canada, who comes on a short visit to England, might be excused if now and then he indulged in this exercise, for during the six years of his office the Dominion has advanced by leaps and bounds.

Of Earl Grey went to Canada with reluctance. He will leave it with regret when the time comes. But the time is not yet—no Canadian hope and belief. Although Earl Grey has held the post longer than any of his predecessors except Lord Dufferin and Lord Minto, it is almost certain that he will remain another year.

Of Earl Grey's popularity in the Dominion there can be no doubt. Canadians delighted in the wit and vivacity of Lord Dufferin; they valued the steadfastness of Lord Lorne; they admired the grand seigneur in Lord Lansdowne and the sportsman in Lord Minto. Earl Grey derives his popularity from a combination of qualities and circumstances.

In the first place, he is one of those happy mortals who make friends without effort and keep them by the attraction of temperament. It is not given to everyone to be on familiar footing with the great men of the countryman. Lord Dufferin could be a plainman west of Winnipeg before the railway ran to the Pacific; he could groom his own horse while his daughters cooked at the camp fire; but in Ottawa and Montreal Lord Dufferin was over the grand seigneur and the "dignified part of the constitutional mechanism." Earl Grey also can be the plainman. He acquired the habit in Rhodesia, where he was administrator in 1896, at the time of the Matabele war. How many I wonder, still remember his afternoon visits to the Bulawayo Club in flannel trousers, slouch hat, and shirt-sleeves! And he carried the habit to Canada, where he has visited every province—even to faraway Dawson City—and has been welcomed as a comrade by pioneer and farmer, hunter and miner. He can work with them all—and more difficult still—can talk with them all. And to the townsman he is unobtrusive without detracting from the dignity of a Governor-General and representative of a Sovereign. No account of Rideau Hall has been so accessible, and none has shown a more personal and practical interest in the welfare of the people or a more acute perception of their national sensitivities.

No Canadian born has more assured faith in the future of his country than Earl Grey. He believes as firmly as any of them that Canada is destined to become the most populous, the most wealthy, and the most important part of the British Empire. "Provided" Canada keeps her judiciary pure, her politics clean, and her administration honest, nothing can prevent her one day becoming the controlling factor in the Empire of self-governing nations.

What Canadian could withhold his admiration from a representative of Great Britain who proclaims for him so great a destiny under the stars? Not content with preaching this gospel, Earl Grey has practised it.

He has made himself the missionary of Canada.

There was a time, not far distant, when for the Governor-General of Canada to set foot in the United States and look upon an act of treason. His appearance in New York would have provoked a howl of protest against unauthorized interference in politics. Canada and the United States have outgrown this nervous weakness. Conscious of their own strength, they did not resent Earl Grey's invasion of the States and his successful effort to prove that Canada is in a position to maintain her commercial interests, not as a supplicant, but as an equal. Earl Grey sees in the Rocky Mountains only a geographical frontier, and has no fear of the invasion of American capital and labor. The knowledge of this made him welcome in the United States, and won for Canada a victory before a shot had been fired in the threatened tariff war.

In Newfoundland, the oldest and in many respects the most conservative of the British Colonies, his influence has been no less beneficial. Newfoundlanders have a habit of regarding Canadians as "foreigners" and as "disloyal" to the British connection. Earl Grey has done much to remove this prejudice and to bring nearer the day when Newfoundland may become one of the least of provinces in the great Dominion.

Earl Grey is an optimist—an optimist not of the chattered type who dilutes our pessimism at home—a hopeful, not a hopeless, optimist. Like every man who knows the Empire from personal observation and experience, he sees that it is only approaching the full vigor of youth. He is not scared by phantoms of disruption at home and rivalry abroad. He recognizes that a nation, like an individual, gains strength and courage from competition. This is the true secret of his great popularity. In a land like Canada man breathes the keen air of strenuous effort and assured success, and have no use for the man who seeks the sultry air and gloomy shade of despair. Earl Grey carries with him everywhere this invigorating atmosphere of confidence. He has carried it to the Far West of British Columbia, where he told Vancouver that in days to come the price of the world's wheat would be set at Chicago; he has carried it to Vancouver, Canadians know that he made this prophecy not as a Governor-General, but as a business man who has examined with expert eyes the teeming potentialities of a vast and awakened Dominion.

We all love and respect the man who believes in us and does not fear to proclaim our merits. And Earl Grey not only believes, but proclaims his belief from the house-top, for he knows the value of advertising even a nation. He has solid foundation for his faith. He has seen the population of Canada grow from six to nearly ten millions; he has watched two railways creeping across the continent to make a tight link between the Atlantic and Pacific; he has observed the tide of migration changing from the south to the north and the United States returning Canada's gift of three million souls and daughters to the Republic; he has seen barren plains golden under grain, and the wealth of Canada pass the bounds of belief.



TEN FOR TEN CENTS

Transient Advertisements

Wanted

At the office of publication of this periodical the following—advertisements subscriptions, job work and news items.

For Rent

Grain Land for rent. For information address the Chronicle. 27-4-x

For Sale

For Sale—One good heavy work horse (gelding) 8 years old. Apply to H. S. Bliss, Crossfield. 30-8-x

7 head of horses, five of them good work horses, 1 two year old gelding, 1 sucking colt.

T. G. Mandt wagon, rolled steel axle, good as new. Disc and other implements. Also a quantity of rails and posts.

For sale enceph for cash, or will arrange terms.

F. S. Gooch, Sec. 10-20-2 W. 5th Near Banner School 29-4-x

FOR SALE

Good single buggy harness for sale, see Tims & Atkins, Crossfield. 33-2-x

FOR SALE

No. 1 Seed Wheat, Alberta Red, \$1.00 per bushel at ranch 5 1/2 miles straight west Crossfield. 32-2-x

T. VanDelinder

Brands

All cattle branded **A1** on right ribs belong to John T. Johnson, Crossfield. 31-2-x

15-29-1 W 5

James Robertson, Crossfield. Cattle branded **a** on left ribs. Aug. 14

All cattle branded on right ribs **2V** and also any marked on left ribs **2V** belong to Jas. Fowler, Crossfield, Alta. 3-29-x

Strayed

Strayed a chance to make money from my hands last week. I did not use the Chronicle columns. Finder please return to Merchant Montack, Nobusiness Corners.

Lost

An opportunity to make money if you do not advertise in our columns.

LOST—Black water spaniel, of bull breed, short hair, white breast, snout white speck on end of nose. Answer to the name of "Nipper." Return to Agent C. P. R. at Crossfield.

Found

A paying advertising medium in The Chronicle. Through its columns you can sell your goods, find stray cattle and you have no worry.

Estray

One gray mare, weight about 900, branded **W** on left hip and **1** on left shoulder. One roan mare, weight about 900, branded **130** on right hip; lane in one front foot. At John Lennon's farm five miles west of Crossfield. Owner can have these horses by proving property and paying costs. 25-6-x

Council Meetings

The council of the Village of Crossfield will meet in the hall known as the Bishop's Hall on the first Tuesday of each alternate month, commencing with February 4 7 p.m.

By Order of the Village Council 5-524 P. L. McNally, Chairman.

Public Notice

This is to notify the owners of cows within the village that if the said cows are not kept closed up at night, to prevent them from becoming a nuisance, the council will be obliged to enforce the Pound law.

By Order of Village Council Chas. Hultgren, Sec. Treas

AROUND THE TOWN

Jas. Malvey was in from Aene this week.

Mr. and Mrs. McBean have gone to their farm east of the Red Deer for a few weeks' stay.

Mrs. G. F. Mitchell, of Barrons, was the guest of Mr. and Mrs. D. G. Harvie from Friday till Monday.

J. S. Martin has been in Calgary this week, representing Crossfield Lodge at the meeting of Alberta Grand Lodge I. O. O. F.

Our want ad. column this week contains a "dog lost" ad. Anyone knowing of a lost spaniel will find the owner by reading this ad.

All applications for Government Hail Insurance will receive prompt attention by applying to G. W. Boyce. Office one door south of "Chronicle."

The binder twine war brought a broad smile to the farmer's face. The war broke out just at the time when the farmers were ready to get in their supply of twine.

The village council is now pushing the work of construction on the Railway avenue drain. It is hoped that it will soon be in shape to carry off the water that has been standing there for some weeks past.

Tenders are being called for the erection of Crossfield's new stone school house. We have seen the plans approved by the school board, and it will be a school building that the village may well take pride in.

For the Edmonton Industrial Exhibition, August 23 to 26, 1910, the Canadian Pacific Railway Company will have in effect special fares. For full particulars as to fares, limits, etc., apply to nearest Canadian Pacific ticket agent.

The Pioneer Real Estate Firm, Hultgren & Davis, has the listing of the best land around Crossfield, close in, and on crop-payments, at reasonable prices. Some good bargains for cash. Don't forget the name—Hultgren & Davis.

L. E. Davis, editor of the Carstairs Journal, was in town Monday and made a fraternal call at the Chronicle office. Mr. Davis owns a farm near Crossfield, and informs us that grain is looking exceedingly well on his farm. He has a field of spring wheat that promises to go right around forty bushels to the acre.

The Canadian Pacific Railway Company have this week put in a plank walk from the north end of the station platform to the east side of Railway avenue. The council has been endeavoring for some time past to secure this accommodation from the Company, and their efforts have borne fruit. The council will now put in a street crossing to connect the new walk with that along the west side of Railway avenue. This improvement will be a great convenience to the public.

—Money to loan on improved farms, no commission, no delay, you get the money in a few days. See Hultgren & Davis.

A severe hail storm visited the Carstairs district Wednesday afternoon. On Thursday afternoon another hail storm visited the same district, extending further to the north and to the south than the previous day's storm. Both storms are reported to have done considerable damage in streaks and spots, as is the habit of hail storms. The south edge of Thursday's storm reached Crossfield, but so far as we have been able to learn the damage in this district is comparatively light and fairly well covered by insurance.

Beaver Dam Items

Watch Beaver Dam grow.

We had a fine rain Saturday evening, which was good for the growing crops.

Havens boys are drawing their oats in to the elevator, making room for their 1910 crops.

Messrs. Todd & Stone are drilling a well for F. Todd.

Jas Walsh has sold his farm here to a Mr. Warren, east of Calgary.

Barney Madden shipped several car loads of heavy horses to Winnipeg last week.

The base ball match which was to have taken place last Saturday evening between West Hope and Beaver Dam was postponed on account of the rain.

Methodist College at Calgary

Calgary, Aug. 3.—Another step forward in the preliminary work of establishing a Methodist college in Calgary was taken last night at the first meeting of the provincial board of governors, by the selection of Rev. G. W. Kerby as temporary acting principal of the proposed college and by the appointment of a number of committees to deal with the details of the organization of the institution.

There were present at the meeting Rev. G. W. Kerby, W. G. Hunt, A. B. Cushing, Dr. A. M. Scott, F. G. Marwood, Arthur Bennett, Geo. Morfit, O. S. Chapin, Dr. T. H. Crawford, C. E. Adams, of Calgary; T. W. Quayle, Claresholm; Rev. G. W. Weber, Okotoks; Rev. T. J. Johnston, Olds.

The other members of the provisional board who were unable to be present but who have consented to act on the board, are Hon. W. H. Cushing, A. J. Sayre, A. Price, E. H. Crandall, Hon. J. A. Loughheed, H. A. Sinnott, Rev. T. C. Buchanan, Rev. Dr. McBoagall, Rev. A. S. Tuttle, Dr. Blow, Calgary; Rev. T. P. Perry, Lethbridge; W. J. Bratherton, Medicine Hat; Dr. Stanley, High River; E. Michener, M. P. P., Red Deer. The remaining members of the board will be nominated by the general conference which meets in Victoria, B. C., on Aug. 14.

Rev. G. W. Kerby, at the opening of the meeting, gave an outline of what had been done in regard to the establishment of the college by the annual conference of Alberta, and at the meeting of the special conference committee at Red Deer last week.

The proceedings so far were merely tentative, pending ratification by the general conference, but it was deemed advisable that such steps be taken in order to have preparations made for the opening of classes this fall. Besides there is now something definite to lay before the general conference.

Crossfield School District No. 752

The REGULAR MEETING of the above School Board will be held at the school House at 10 a. m. on the first Saturday in the following months: January, March, May, July, September and November.

All matters of business pertaining to this district will be attended to at this meeting.

The office of the Sec. Treas. is in the real estate office next the Chronicle.

P. L. McNally, Chairman.
G. W. Boyce, Sec. Treas.

Ontkes & Armstrong's

For Berries, Seasonable Fruit, and all staple lines of Groceries, Dry Goods and Hardware

Ontkes & Armstrong

EMIL WEGENER

Agent for

Massey-Harris Farm Implements

Agent for Gray Carriage Co.

Chatham Fanning Mills.

M. Rumley, Co. Engine.

CROSSFIELD, ALTA.

Crossfield Livery, Feed & Sale Stable

H. Ontkes, Prop. Satisfaction Guaranteed

Read the Chronicle



The female house fly lays from 120 to 150 eggs at a time, and these mature in two weeks. Under favorable conditions the descendants of a single pair will number millions in three months. Therefore all housekeepers should commence using

WILSON'S FLY PADS

early in the season, and thus cut off a large proportion of the summer crop.

By STEPHEN GOLDBER



Full Pound Cans, 25c.

E. W. Gillett Co. Ltd. Toronto, Ont.

FREE COOK BOOK

If you have not received a copy of *Magic Cook Book*, contact us and obtain a postal card and this valuable little book will be mailed free of charge.

No. 889

46

**BEST ATTAINABLE IMAGE
FROM DOCUMENT AVAILABLE**

Alberta Hotel

Good Accommodation
Reasonable Rates

Geo. Stratton
Proprietor

Livery Feed and Sale
Stables

McPHEE & WICKS
(Successors to F. R. Parker)

Transfer in Connection.
GOOD HORSES GOOD RIGS
CAREFUL DRIVERS
Crossfield. Alberta

DISC
SHARPENING.

Now is the time to bring your Discs
to be sharpened at

JOHN FREW'S
Shoing Forge.

Crossfield
Drug Store

For Your Stationery and all
Medical Supplies.

MERRICK THOMAS.



CHAS. DICKENS
(From Edinburgh)
WATCHMAKER
331
8th Ave. East,
Calgary.
"Just below The
Queens."

Watchcase, received in Crossfield, by
K. J. Benton, Barber.

4

Shoing
Repair Work
Wagon Work
Carriage Work

C

H. W. Currie
The Blacksmith
Successor to W. Bradley

IT'S WALL PAPER
TIME

The time to replace the dingy
spotted paper with fresh at-
tractive patterns, that will
show off to better advantage
your pictures and furnishings.
Something to suit every taste
in our extensive assortment

J. A. SACKETT
CARRIAGE AND SIGN PAINTING
PAPERHANGING

New York's Mayor Shot

New York, Aug. 9.—Wm. J. Gaynor, mayor of New York City, was shot in the head and seriously wounded today as he stood on the promenade deck of the steamship Kaiser Wilhelm Der Grosse, by Jas. J. Gallagher, a discharged and disgruntled city employee. Gallagher was almost instantly overpowered and arrested. The shot was fired at 9.45 o'clock this morning, fifteen minutes before the Kaiser Wilhelm Der Grosse was due to leave her pier at Hoboken, N. J., and the mayor was receiving God speed from a group of friends preparatory to a vacation through Europe. The bullet struck him behind the right ear and ranged downward, inflicting a dangerous though not necessarily fatal wound. Unless blood poisoning develops, as a result, the surgeons are hopeful of the mayor recovering, although at his age, 50 years, such a wound is essentially grave. Tonight the mayor is at St. Mary's hospital, Hoboken, surrounded by specialists, with members of his family gathered near. All early reports from the hospital were hopeful in tone, and this evening six X-ray negatives of the wound were taken to facilitate an operation for the removal of the bullet. Gallagher, the would-be assassin, is locked in a cell at Jersey City, held without bail. He expresses no remorse.

The Crop That Pays

No farmer can make the broad statement that one crop pays better than another. The amount of the return depends largely upon the character of the land on which the crop is grown. One kind of land brings the greatest return from a certain crop; another piece of land of different quality would perhaps yield a very small return if sown to the same crop. Finding out the particular class of crops the land is best suited to growing is therefore a very important matter for the wide-awake farmer.

A splendid example of what can be gained by the intelligent adaptation of crops to soil conditions is to be found in the county of Norfolk, Ontario. In certain parts of that county there are considerable areas of sandy land that can be sown to wheat and other staple grains. Thus, farmers who at-

tempted to grow these crops found that their profits were not as satisfactory as might have been desired. Some years ago however, a few men noted that the soil and climate of the county were well suited to growing fruit, especially apples. The Norfolk Fruit Growers' Association was formed and forthwith started on a reputation making campaign. All members agreed to care for and spray their orchards as stipulated by the rules of the Association. Incidentally, too, all fruit was to be marketed through the central agency. The results have been little short of phenomenal. The orchard acreage has been largely increased, Norfolk apples are now held as second to none in the markets of the world and the profits have been most gratifying. As a consequence, land values, in the last six years, have doubled.

And this has been accomplished mainly by selecting the crop best adapted to the soil. The work that the Commission of Conservation has undertaken, of classifying lands according to the character of the soil to determine what crops can most profitably be grown, is therefore a task of no small importance. If the Commission points out the crops that pay the best on different soils, both the farmer and the nation will be the richer for it.

Lord Strathcona's Ninetieth Birthday

London, Aug. 6.—Lord Strathcona has received telegrams of a congratulatory nature from Earl Grey, Sir Wilfrid Laurier, and innumerable other congratulations on having attained his ninetieth year. In this connection the Conventry book entitled "Canada's Coeur-de-Leon" was issued today, containing appreciations from many eminent persons, including Joseph Chamberlain, Lord Lansdowne and others, and many press appreciations bearing tribute to Lord Strathcona's commercial greatness and his wonderful vitality.

In an interview the high commissioner stated that he celebrated the day at his office, as usual. He added: "It is seventy years since I went to Canada, six, at any rate, I am an old Canadian, if not an old man. That's what I like to remember, he declared."

Sir Wilfrid Laurier will address a mass meeting at Calgary Saturday night. His special train went through Crossfield like a shot at noon today.



LADY WILFRID LAURIER

The Wife of Canada's Prime Minister
Lady Laurier, wife of Sir Wilfrid Laurier, Prime Minister of the Dominion, is one of the best-known and most esteemed women in Canada. High social position does not create fineness of fibre, and nobility of character; it merely affords a broader field for their manifestation. The grace, ease, kindness of heart, simplicity and charm that distinguish Lady Laurier today are but the flowering of the natural characteristics that made her beloved, when, in 1885, she married Wilfrid Laurier, the "silver-tongued" young lawyer, struggling for recognition.

The daughter of G. M. R. Lafontaine, Lady Laurier was born in Montreal, and educated at the school of the Bon Pasteur and at Convent of the Sacred Heart, and there became proficient in music. Her love of music has made her a patron under whose kindly sympathy and substantial support a number of her protégés are winning laurels in the world of music to-day. Losing her mother at an early age, Lady Laurier was thrown into waiting, and of hope deferred in their home at Arthabaskaville, where she with the untiring sympathy, companionship and inspiration of his wife.

Lady Laurier has always accompanied her husband to Ottawa during the Parliamentary sessions, as she does now in all his travels, for "life is too short," she says, "to be separated long." Her acquaintance with the great public men of the world is large, for in the hospitable home of the days are busy ones, filled to the brim with social duties and her charitable and philanthropic work. She is one of the Vice-Presidents of the National Council of Women of Canada, and Honorary Vice-President of the Victorian Order of Nurses, besides being active in personal charities.

In her home at Ottawa, Lady Laurier has a superb collection of gifts and souvenirs presented by royalty and others—the coronation medal from Queen Victoria, a gold snuff-box set with diamonds, a medal from Pope Pius X., a curious cap from the Chinese Prince-Regent, a golden key from Liverpool, autograph letters and portraits, a golden key from the Duke of Cambridge, but she cherishes most the magnificent tiara of one hundred and seventy-five diamonds presented by members of the Senate of Canada.

1. Reprinted according to Act of the Parliament of Canada, in the year 1897, by W. G. Mack, in the Department of Agriculture.

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